# Home Range \& Habitat Preferences of Eastern Box Turtles at Jug Bay Wetlands Sanctuary 

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## Geographic Distribution of the Eastern Box Turtle



## Upland Habitats



## Non-Tidal Wetland



# Tidal - Wetlands Habitats 



Scrub - Shrub (SS) $=3 \quad$ Phragmites (PH)

## Methods for Measuring Home Range Size

## > Bivariate Normal <br> > Minimum Convex Polygon

> Kernel Home Range


## Bivariate Normal Home Range (Jennrich and Turner, 1969)



## Minimum Convex Polygon (Molr, 1947)



## Kernel Home Range (Worton, 1989)



## Home Range Measurement comparison



## Study Objectives

To determine...

- Home range size and whether male and female range size differ
- The habitats included within each home range
- The differences between home range measuring techniques (Mark-Recapture vs. Telemetry )
- Whether turtles prefer certain habitats over others



## Materials and Methods



Data Collection Process


# Home Range Maps 

For Female \# 71

## Female \#71

June 25 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 1996$


## Female \#71

## June 28th 1999



## Female \#71

July $11^{\text {th }}, 2000$


## Female \#71

May 19 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

May 20 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

May $22^{\text {nd }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

May 23 ${ }^{\text {rd }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

May 24 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

May 29 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

June $3^{\text {rd }}, 2001$


## Female \#71

June $7^{\text {th }}, 2001$


## Female \#71

June 9 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$


## Female \#71

June 18 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

June 20th 2001


## Female \#71

June $22^{\text {nd }}, 2001$


## Female \#71

June 27 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

June 30th, 2001



## Female \#71

July $2^{\text {nd }}, 2001$


## Female \#71

July 9th 2001


## Female \#71

July $11^{\text {th }}, 2001$


## Female \#71

## July $16^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

July $17^{\text {th }}, 2001$


## Female \#71

## August $1^{\text {stt }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

## August 6 th, 2001



## Female \#71

## August 13 th, 2001



## Female \#71

## August 17 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

August 22 ${ }^{\text {nd }}, 2001$


## Female \#71

## August 29th, 2001



## Female \#71

## August $30^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

## September $5^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

## September 6 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

September $12^{\text {th }}, 2001$


## Female \#71

September 19 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$


## Female \#71

## September 20 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

## September 24h, 2001



## Female \#71

## October $3^{\text {rd }}, 2001$



## Female \#71

October 16 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$


## Female \#71

October 18 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2001$


## Female \#71

May $23^{\text {rd }}, 2002$


## Female \#71

## August $5^{\text {th }}, 2002$



## Female \#71

## June 19 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Female \#71

## July $15^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Female \#71

Home Range based on Random sightings from June 1996 - July 2003


## Female \#71

Home Range based on Telemetry sightings from May 2001 - October 2001


## Female \#71

Home Range based on Random \& Telemetry sightings from June 1996 - July 2003


# Home Range Maps 

For Male \# 186

## Male \#186

June $26^{\text {th }}, 1998$



## Male \#186

June 15n, 1999



## Male \#186

August 22nd 1999



## Male \#186

May $2^{2 n^{\text {nd }}, 2000}$



## Male \#186

June $8^{\text {th }}, 2000$



## Male \#186

June 15 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2000$



## Male \#186

July $20^{\text {th }}, 2000$



## Male \#186

July $25^{\text {th }}, 2000$



## Male \#186

August 1st, 2000



## Male \#186

August $10^{\text {th }}, 2000$



## Male \#186

September 22nd 2000


## Male \#186

September 23rd, 2000


## Male \#186

June 14th, 2001



## Male \#186

June 19th, 2001



## Male \#186

June 28ith, 2001



## Male \#186

July $17^{\text {th }}, 2001$



## Male \#186

August 2nd, 2001



## Male \#186

October 11th, 2001


## Male \#186

June 11th, 2002



## Male \#186

May 20 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

May $21^{\text {stt }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

May 23 ${ }^{\text {rd }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

May $28^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

May $30^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

June 2nd, 2003



## Male \#186

June 4 $4^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

June 9 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

June $12^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

June 16 ${ }^{\text {th }}$, 2003



## Male \#186

June 19 ith, 2003



## Male \#186

June $23^{\text {rd }}, 2003$


## Male \#186

June $26^{\text {th }}-$ June $^{28^{\text {th }}}$, 2003


## Male \#186

July $1^{\text {st }}, 2003$


## Male \#186

July 3 $3^{\text {rd }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

July 9th, 2003



## Male \#186

July $11^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

July $13^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

July $15^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

July 17 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

July $21^{\text {stt }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

July $30^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

## August 1st, 2003



## Male \#186

August $12^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

August 19 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

August $20^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

August 28 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2003$



## Male \#186

September $5^{\text {th }}, 2003$


## Male \#186

September 11 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2003$


## Male \#186

September $16^{\text {th }}, 2003$


## Male \#186

September 30th - October $1^{\text {st }}, 2003$


## Male \#186

October 4 $4^{\text {th }}, 2003$


## Male \#186

October 7 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2003$


## Male \#186

October $15^{\text {th }}-$ October $21^{\text {st }}, 2003$


## Male \#186

October 22nd 2003


## Male \#186

November 8 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2003$ - April $7^{\text {th }}, 2004$


## Male \#186

April 26 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2004$



## Male \#186

May 14 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2004$



## Male \#186

Home range based on random sightings from June 1998 - May 2004


## Male \#186

Home range based on Telemetry sightings from May 2003 - April 2004


## Male \#186

Home Range based on Random \& Telemetry sightings from June 1998 - May 2004



## Results



Comparison of home range size using mark-recapture and telemetry sightings, as well as the compiled sightings data.

Technique Comparison using T-tests

$\square$ Mark-Recapture $\square$ Telemetry $\square$ Compiled

|  | Factors being compared | df | T-Stat | p |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mark-Recapture | 25 | 1.706 | 0.100 |
|  | Telemetry | 16 | 2.234 | 0.040* |
|  | Compiled | 20 | 2.589 | 0.018* |
|  | M.-R. vs. Telemetry | 17 | -2.036 | 0.058 |
|  | M.-R. vs. Compiled | 21 | -2.465 | 0.022* |
|  | Telemetry vs. Compiled | 33 | -0.063 | 0.950 |
|  | M.-R. vs. Telemetry | 23 | -1.217 | 0.236 |
|  | M.-R. vs. Compiled | 29 | -1.412 | 0.169 |
|  | Telemetry vs. Compiled | 25 | -0.411 | 0.685 |

Habitat comparison between measurement techniques


Upland
Meadow
Open Forest
Dense Forest

Non-Tidal Wetland Tidal Wetland
$\square$ Flood Plain

Tidal Wetland / Marsh $\square$ Phragmites
$\square$ Scrub-Shrub

# Comparison of T. carolina home ranges using different measuring and computation methods 

| Location | Collection <br> Method | Computation <br> Method* | Area (Ha) <br> Mean |  | Range | n |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | Reference

[^0]Convex Polygon (MCP); Minimum Area (MA); Ornstein-Uhlenbeck (O-U)

## Total Home Range Comparison



Female

$$
\mathrm{n}=20
$$



Male
$\mathrm{n}=17$


Juvenile $\mathrm{n}=3$

## Total Home Range Comparison






## Jug Bay vs. Patuxent Research Center

Males


Females


Males


Females


Male and Female home ranges in a 5 acre $(2.025 \mathrm{Ha})$ plot vs the plotted areas of male and female T. c. carolina in the same size plot from Stickel's 1950 study.

## Discussion

## Home Range

$>$ Overall, the home ranges were much larger than those reported elsewhere, while having the third largest sample size.
$>$ The difference in home range size may be due to how each study defined home range, or how strong the mean areas were for the past studies.
> Findings contradict the inverse relationship between population size and home range size found in past studies. Instead Jug Bay's high density-high home range size relationship is more likely explained by Madden's (1975) theory that high turtle densities in specific areas reflect the criticalness of that specific habitat.

## Discussion

## Habitat Preference

$>$ There was no significant preference among the seven habitat types.
$>$ More abundant in upland habitats but not to a significant degree
$>$ Females occupy a much larger and more diverse area of the Sanctuary, than the males
$>$ Females overall were seen using more habitats than males, which is most likely because of they require the meadow and wetlands in their nesting preparations

## Conclusion

The most important findings of my study were that females' home range was significantly larger than that of males. This has important conservational implications, because larger, more diverse areas need to be protected in order to insure population health. Researchers should be cautious when lumping male and female home ranges because this may obscure interesting and important differences between the sexes.

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And the

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[^0]:    *Computation Method Key: Bivariate Normal Elipse (BNE); Minimum Polygon (MP); Convex Polygon (CP); Minimum

